



2017 SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE CAPITAL GROUP OF
BANK HANDLOWY W WARSZAWIE S.A.

AUGUST 2017

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA	In PLN '000		In EUR '000***	
	First half of 2017	First half of 2016	First half of 2017	First half of 2016
Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements data				
Interest income	642,219	623,641	151,203	142,368
Fee and commission income	332,082	321,186	78,185	73,322
Profit before tax	276,070	408,629	64,997	93,284
Net profit	200,639	326,349	47,238	74,500
Comprehensive income	284,587	319,661	67,003	72,974
Changes in net cash	(95,784)	(1,265,144)	(22,551)	(288,813)
Total assets*	44,592,483	45,209,916	10,550,688	10,219,240
Amounts due to banks*	2,609,453	2,310,742	617,403	522,320
Amounts due to customers*	32,412,062	33,936,511	7,668,771	7,671,002
Equity	6,482,825	6,558,730	1,533,852	1,482,031
Share capital	522,638	522,638	123,657	118,097
Number of shares (in pcs)	130,659,600	130,659,600	130,659,600	130,659,600
Book value per share (PLN/EUR)	49.62	50.20	11.74	11.34
Total capital adequacy ratio (in %)*	17.7	17.0	17.7	17.0
Earnings per share (PLN/EUR)	1.54	2.50	0.36	0.57
Diluted earnings per share (PLN/EUR)	1.54	2.50	0.36	0.57
Condensed Interim Stand-alone Financial Statements data				
Interest income	641,594	622,721	151,056	142,158
Fee and commission income	299,886	300,443	70,605	68,586
Profit before tax	286,710	419,562	67,502	95,779
Net profit	213,930	338,256	50,367	77,219
Comprehensive income	298,071	330,828	70,177	75,523
Changes in net cash	(95,765)	(1,265,019)	(22,547)	(288,784)
Total assets*	44,396,062	45,091,648	10,504,214	10,192,506
Amounts due to banks*	2,609,338	2,303,627	617,376	520,711
Amounts due to customers*	32,428,902	34,031,947	7,672,756	7,692,574
Equity	6,430,109	6,501,807	1,521,379	1,469,169
Share capital	522,638	522,638	123,657	118,097
Number of shares (in pcs)	130,659,600	130,659,600	130,659,600	130,659,600
Book value per share (PLN/EUR)	49.21	49.76	11.64	11.24
Total capital adequacy ratio (in %)*	17.4	16.8	17.4	16.8
Earnings per share (PLN/EUR)	1.64	2.59	0.39	0.59
Diluted earnings per share (PLN/EUR)	1.64	2.59	0.39	0.59
Declared or paid dividends per share (PLN/EUR)**	4.53	4.68	4.53	4.68

*Comparative data according to balance sheet as at 31 December 2016.

**The presented ratios relate respectively to dividend approved for the distribution of 2016 profit and dividend paid in 2016 from the distribution of 2015 profit.

***The following exchange rates were applied to convert PLN to EUR: for the statement of financial position items- average NBP exchange rate as at 30 June 2017 EUR 1 = PLN 4.2265 (as at 31 December 2016: PLN 4,4240; as at 30 June 2016: PLN 4.4255); for the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income and the cash flow statement items – the rate is calculated as the arithmetic mean of NBP exchange rates prevailing as at the last day of each month of the first half of 2017: EUR 1 = PLN 4.2474 (in the first half of 2016: PLN 4.3805).



CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
OF THE CAPITAL GROUP OF
BANK HANDLOWY W WARSZAWIE S.A.
FOR THE 6 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

AUGUST 2017

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Condensed consolidated income statement

	For a period	II quarter	I half of the year	II quarter	I half of the year
		01.04. - 30.06. 2017	01.01. - 30.06. 2017	01.04. - 30.06. 2016	01.01. - 30.06. 2016
PLN'000	Note				
Interest and similar income	6	329,889	642,219	316,430	623,641
Interest expense and similar charges	6	(65,816)	(123,870)	(64,095)	(123,920)
Net interest income	6	264,073	518,349	252,335	499,721
Fee and commission income	7	176,740	332,082	159,670	321,186
Fee and commission expense	7	(21,367)	(42,416)	(20,557)	(39,433)
Net fee and commission income	7	155,373	289,666	139,113	281,753
Dividend income		8,948	8,948	7,333	7,334
Net income on trading financial instruments and revaluation	8	80,296	152,931	107,006	145,236
Net gain on debt investment securities available-for-sale		10,875	15,861	14,301	20,925
Net gain on equity investment instruments available-for-sale	25	3,085	3,377	93,907	93,907
Net gain/(loss) on hedge accounting		(1,027)	3,554	3,404	7,561
Other operating income	9	9,387	16,922	8,467	26,162
Other operating expense	9	(6,589)	(18,095)	(6,222)	(13,843)
Net other operating income and expense	9	2,798	(1,173)	2,245	12,319
General administrative expenses	10	(271,118)	(597,442)	(283,886)	(578,394)
Depreciation and amortization		(18,833)	(35,479)	(17,345)	(35,894)
Profit on sale of other assets		28	30	78	87
Net impairment loss on financial assets and provisions for granted financial liabilities and guarantees	11	(13,292)	(42,706)	(20,011)	(14,492)
Operating income		221,206	315,916	298,480	440,063
Share in net profits of entities valued at equity method		263	265	79	78
Tax on some financial institutions		(20,518)	(40,111)	(18,375)	(31,512)
Profit before tax		200,951	276,070	280,184	408,629
Income tax expense	12	(42,968)	(75,431)	(58,206)	(82,280)
Net profit		157,983	200,639	221,978	326,349
Including:					
Net profit attributable to Bank's shareholders			200,639		326,349
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (in pcs)			130,659,600		130,659,600
Earnings per share (in PLN)			1.54		2.50
Diluted net earnings per share (in PLN)			1.54		2.50

Explanatory notes on pages 11-42 are integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	For a period	Note	II quarter	I half of the year	II quarter	I half of the year
			01.04. - 30.06. 2017	01.01. - 30.06. 2017	01.04. - 30.06. 2016	01.01. - 30.06. 2016
<i>PLN'000</i>						
Net profit			157,983	200,639	221,978	326,349
Other comprehensive income, that might be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss						
Changes in value of available-for-sale financial assets (net)	13		50,301	82,308	(102,059)	(7,445)
Currency translation differences			10	(243)	204	757
Other comprehensive income, that cannot be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss						
Net actuarial profits on specific services program valuation			1,883	1,883	-	-
Other comprehensive income net of tax			52,194	83,948	(101,855)	(6,688)
Total comprehensive income			210,177	284,587	120,123	319,661
Including:						
Comprehensive income attributable to Bank's shareholders				284,587		319,661

Explanatory notes on pages 11-42 are integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed consolidated statement of financial position

	As at	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
PLN'000	Note		
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with the Central Bank		469,006	665,755
Amounts due from banks	14	748,409	587,087
Financial assets held-for-trading	15	1,872,526	3,781,405
Hedging derivatives		857	12,244
Debt securities available-for-sale	16	19,480,250	19,072,371
Equity investments valued at equity method		10,686	10,471
Equity investments available for sale		23,762	22,842
Amounts due from customers	17	19,718,046	18,860,053
Tangible fixed assets		334,963	342,971
Intangible assets		1,367,963	1,350,861
Current income tax receivables		-	13,901
Deferred tax asset	18	200,879	198,383
Other assets	19	349,706	289,644
Non-current assets held-for-sale	20	15,430	1,928
Total assets		44,592,483	45,209,916
LIABILITIES			
Amounts due to banks	21	2,609,453	2,310,742
Financial liabilities held-for-trading	15	1,296,396	1,305,614
Hedging derivatives		37,336	39,897
Amounts due to customers	22	32,412,062	33,936,511
Provisions		15,049	22,856
Current income tax liabilities		33,096	-
Other liabilities	23	1,706,266	803,846
Total liabilities		38,109,658	38,419,466
EQUITY			
Ordinary shares		522,638	522,638
Share premium		3,003,969	3,003,082
Revaluation reserve		(132,535)	(214,843)
Other reserves		2,897,885	2,885,044
Retained earnings		190,868	594,529
Total equity		6,482,825	6,790,450
Total liabilities and equity		44,592,483	45,209,916

Explanatory notes on pages 11-42 are integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity

<i>PLN '000</i>	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
Balance as at 1 January 2017	522,638	3,003,082	(214,843)	2,885,044	594,529	-	6,790,450
Total comprehensive income, including:	-	-	82,308	1,640	200,639	-	284,587
Net profit	-	-	-	-	200,639	-	200,639
Currency translation differences from the foreign operations' conversion	-	-	-	(243)	-	-	(243)
Net valuation of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	82,308	-	-	-	82,308
Net actuarial profits on specific services program valuation	-	-	-	1,883	-	-	1,883
Dividends to be paid	-	(129)	-	-	(592,083)	-	(592,212)
Transfer to capital	-	1,016	-	11,201	(12,217)	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2017	522,638	3,003,969	(132,535)	2,897,885	190,868	-	6,482,825

<i>PLN '000</i>	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
Balance as at 1 January 2016	522,638	3,001,525	(163,613)	2,869,509	620,597	-	6,850,656
Total comprehensive income, including:	-	-	(7,445)	757	326,349	-	319,661
Net profit	-	-	-	-	326,349	-	326,349
Currency translation differences from the foreign operations' conversion	-	-	-	757	-	-	757
Net valuation of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	(7,445)	-	-	-	(7,445)
Dividends to be paid	-	-	-	-	(611,587)	-	(611,587)
Transfer to capital	-	1,557	-	14,504	(16,061)	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2016	522,638	3,003,082	(171,058)	2,884,770	319,298	-	6,558,730

<i>PLN '000</i>	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
Balance as at 1 January 2016	522,638	3,001,525	(163,613)	2,869,509	620,597	-	6,850,656
Total comprehensive income, including:	-	-	(51,230)	1,031	601,580	-	551,381
Net profit	-	-	-	-	601,580	-	601,580
Currency translation differences from the foreign operations' conversion	-	-	-	753	-	-	753
Net valuation of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	(51,230)	-	-	-	(51,230)
Net actuarial profits on specific services program valuation	-	-	-	278	-	-	278
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	(611,587)	-	(611,587)
Transfer to capital	-	1,557	-	14,504	(16,061)	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2016	522,638	3,003,082	(214,843)	2,885,044	594,529	-	6,790,450

Explanatory notes on pages 11-42 are integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows

PLN '000	For a period	01.01. - 30.06. 2017	01.01. - 30.06. 2016
A. Cash flows from operating activities			
I. Net profit		200,639	326,349
II. Adjustments to reconcile net profit or loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		(651,973)	(1,983,364)
Current and deferred income tax recognized in income statement		75,431	82,280
Share in net profits/(losses) of entities valued at equity method		(265)	(78)
Depreciation expense		35,479	35,894
Net impairment due to financial assets value loss		38,960	17,422
Net provisions (recoveries)		4,451	(7,336)
Net interest income		(518,349)	(499,721)
Dividend income from subsidiaries		-	(132)
Profit/loss on sale of investments		(3)	(74)
Net unrealized exchange differences		4,674	2,762
Other adjustments		(5,295)	(21,643)
Cash flows from operating income before changes in operating assets and liabilities		(364,917)	(390,626)
Change in operating assets (excl. cash and cash equivalents)		349,849	3,987,714
Change in amounts due from banks		(61,606)	64,968
Change in amounts due from customers		(899,623)	1,091,523
Change in debt securities available-for-sale		(301,166)	(1,341,118)
Change in equity investments		635	213
Change in financial assets held-for-trading		1,889,653	4,627,379
Change in derivative securities		11,387	1,795
Change in other assets		(289,431)	(457,046)
Change in operating liabilities (excl. cash and cash equivalents)		(636,905)	(5,580,452)
Change in amounts due to banks		358,721	(4,557,267)
Change in amounts due to customers		(1,285,738)	(85,899)
Change in liabilities held-for-trading		(9,218)	(1,629,031)
Change in amounts due to hedging derivatives		(2,561)	(14,978)
Change in other liabilities		301,891	706,723
Interest received		654,865	687,289
Interest paid		(125,937)	(127,404)
Income tax paid		(51,654)	(88,708)
III. Net cash flows from operating activities		25,940	(1,185,838)
B. Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(21,744)	(11,503)
Disposal of tangible fixed assets		120	1,254
Purchase of intangible assets		(34,803)	(12,105)
Disposal of fixed assets/liabilities held-for-sale		-	73
Dividends received		-	132
Net cash flows from investing activities		(56,427)	(22,149)
C. Cash flows from financing activities			
Paid dividends		(324)	(100)
Purchase of own shares		-	(2,711)
Repayment of long-term loans from financial sector		(55,882)	(58,168)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(56,206)	(60,979)
D. Exchange rates differences resulting from cash and cash equivalent calculation		(9,091)	3,822
E. Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalent		(95,784)	(1,265,144)
F. Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of reporting period		672,882	2,354,352
G. Cash and cash equivalent at the end of reporting period (see note 25)		577,098	1,089,208

Explanatory notes on pages 11-42 are integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Supplementary notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

1. General information about the Capital Group ("The Group")

Bank Handlowy w Warszawie S.A. ("the Bank") Head Office is located in Warsaw at Senatorska 16, 00-923 Warsaw. The Bank was established on the basis of Notarial Deed of 13 April 1870 and was registered and entered into the Register of Companies by the District Court for the capital city of Warsaw, XII Economic Department of the National Court Register. The Bank was registered under entry No. KRS 0000001538 and was granted a statistical REGON No. 000013037 and tax identification No. (NIP) 526-030-02-91.

The Bank and its subsidiaries are expected to continue the business activity in the foreseeable future.

Share equity of the Bank equals PLN 522,638,400 and is divided into 130,659,600 common shares, with par value of PLN 4.00 per share. The Bank is a listed company on the Stock Exchange in Warsaw.

The Group is a member of Citigroup Inc. The bank is a subsidiary of Citibank Overseas Investments Corporation, with headquarters in New Castle, USA a subsidiary of Citibank N.A., with headquarters in New York, USA which is the ultimate parent company of the Bank.

The Bank is a universal commercial bank that offers a wide range of banking services for individuals and corporate clients on the domestic and foreign markets. Additionally, the Group conducts brokerage operations through its subsidiary.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements present financial data of the Capital Group of Bank Handlowy w Warszawie S.A., that is composed of Bank Handlowy w Warszawie S.A. as the parent company and its subsidiaries: Dom Maklerski Banku Handlowego S.A., Handlowy-Leasing Sp. z o.o., Handlowy Investmens S.A., PPH Spomasz Sp. z o.o. w likwidacji and Handlowy Inwestycje Sp. z o.o.

In the first half of 2017 there were no changes in the structure of Group's entities.

2. Declaration of conformity

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, adopted by European Union, and other applicable regulations. These financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

In accordance with the Decree of the Ministry of Finance dated 19 February 2009, regarding current and periodic information provided by issuers of securities, and the requirements for recognition of information required by the law of a non-Member State as equivalent (Official Journal from 2014, No. 133, as amended) the Bank is obliged to publish its financial results for the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 which is deemed to be the current interim financial reporting period.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Management Board on 21 August 2017.

3. Significant accounting policies

Condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group for the first half of 2017 have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies applied and summarized in the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

The preparation of condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group with accordance to International Financial Reporting Standards requires from the Management to make certain estimates and adopt related assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. This financial statement is based on the same estimation rules, which were used in the annual financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2016, including the reasons and sources of uncertainty as at the balance sheet date.

The most significant estimates made for the 6 month period ended 30 June 2017, concern:

- Impairment of financial assets,
- Fair value of derivatives,
- Employee benefits.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared for the period from 1 January 2017 to 30 June 2017 and from 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2017, and for the consolidated statements of financial situation as at 30 June 2017. Comparable financial data are presented for the period from 1 January 2016 to 30 June 2016 and from 1 April 2016 to 30 June 2016, and for consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in PLN (currency of presentation), rounded to the nearest thousand.

IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”

Project and stage of IFRS 9 implementation

The Group is executing the IFRS 9 implementation under the leadership of the Steering Committee, which includes, among others, board members responsible for the areas of finance and risk. In order to confirm the adequacy of adopted principles, the Group is benefiting from services provided by professional external entity.

The key assumption standing behind implementation schedule was to provide sufficient time for the Bank to conduct independent validation of newly prepared tools. The review is to cover a wide range of aspects including: correctness of methodological assumptions, assessment whether regulatory requirements are met, adequacy of the data used, quantitative tests and correctness of tools implementation in Bank's production environment. Results of the validation process, including an evaluation of the correctness of implementation in the Bank's systems is scheduled for the fourth quarter of 2017 year

The last point in the schedule planned for the end of 2017 is a series of training courses for Bank employees aimed at broadening knowledge about the changes.

The whole process of implementation, as per expectations of European Securities and Markets Authority, is monitored by the internal Audit Committee.

Classification and valuation

The Bank has made an analysis of its financial instruments contracts, in order to assess their contractual features according to IFRS 9 classification and valuation requirements. The final assessment of adequate method of classification and valuation, related to particular elements is during the process of elaboration.

Based on the history and plans for approach to management of assets in respect of the way cash flows from loan contracts are realized, Bank infers that business model assessment does not provoke significant changes in classification and measurement compared current practice under IAS 39. Bank grants loans and other forms of financing currently classified as loans under IAS 39 in order to obtain cash flows resulting from repayment of principal and interest only. Portfolio sales take place very rarely and involve only the low quality credit portfolio.. Solely, in case of confirmation of the particular form of financing or its granting due to the sale purpose, the Bank will classified those portfolios as 'held-for-trade'

In the retail loan portfolio Bank holds credit card products and installment loans for credit card customers in which, according to initial assessment, there is a leverage formula. The Bank and external entity, initiated the process of creating respective valuation models, of portfolios in fair value through profit or loss. For a current stage of work it is not possible to estimate impact of that measurement on the financial statement of the Bank.

The process of verification the SPPI test, reaches its final stage, whereas the confirmation of the Bank's assessment and conclusion is expected to be terminated in the third quarter of the year. Based on initial assessment Bank does not consider fair value measurement of corporate loans.

Bank has not purchased any portfolios and in the processes of restructuring of contracts have not identified situations requiring derecognition form balance sheet. At present, the Bank is analyzing whether it is indispensable to present credit-impaired assets (POCI) in accordance with the restructuring process practice.

All the above aspects, in order to obtain assurance that conclusions reached by Bank and requirements identified are correct are verified by independent professional entity.

Impairment

The Bank started implementation of IFRS 9 in 2016, at first focusing on checking the adequacy of the existing in Bank tools and models to the impairment requirements defined in Standard as well as on identifying gaps in the processes used to calculate provisions. Review has covered all existing products and portfolios. Bank adopted implementation schedule according to identified needs.

Implementation plan includes quantitative elements related to the analytical part, understood as the development of existing and construction of new risk assessment tools / models as well as qualitative elements, including changes in internal rules governing process of credit exposures management, provisions calculation and reporting, in particular internal documents regulating these processes. Bank striving to optimize the workload assumed that most of the tasks will be performed in parallel, allowing efficient flow of information between various organizational units of the institution.

According to the adopted schedule, analytical work is divided into two main parts. For customers from Corporate and Commercial sectors work will be focused on adjusting existing tools used to assess the creditworthiness of the customer to the requirements of IFRS 9. Due to high credit quality of the portfolio, and hence low default rates, the biggest challenge is to calibrate PD Life Time model.

Second stream of work is devoted to Retail Banking Sector for which the Bank has partnered with an external consultant to create a tailor-made solution based on credit rating models. The aim is to develop uniform and coherent methodology covering all major products of the Bank. One of the challenges is appropriate calibration of the model, allowing for proper reflection of expected changes in macroeconomic conditions.

In connection with the implementation of standard, according to preliminary estimations, an increase in provision levels is expected which will affect Bank's capital ratios in the coming years. The increase in provisions is related to performing portfolio and has a twofold ground:

- a) increase in the coverage for Stage 1 accounts from the period of LIP (Loss Identification Period) to 12 months,
- b) necessity for the accounts qualified to Stage 2 to recognize the losses over the entire horizon of a account's life.

Additional volatility of the provision level will be stemming from including in the calculations forward looking factors, especially macroeconomic variables.

Therefore, much emphasis must be put on defining clear and transparent criteria standing behind significant increase in credit risk concept. These criteria should be constant over time, which will enable to conduct an analysis of the reasons for changes in provisions. Bank assumes that above criteria will be based on current credit risk management tools where possible.

It should also be noted that the implementation of these regulations shall not affect the Bank's business model.

Hedge accounting program

There will be no changes to hedge accounting program used by Bank both in terms of the nature of the hedge relationship, as well as in respect of amounts. Modifications related to the need to adopt IFRS 9 are limited to internal documentation update and adjustment of the appropriate processes.

4. Segment reporting

An operating segment is a separable component of the Group engaged in business activity, generating income and expenses (including those on intragroup transactions between segments), whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Management Board of parent entity, the chief operating decision maker of the Group, in order to allocate resources and assess its performance.

The Group is managed in two main operating segments – Institutional Banking and Consumer Banking. The valuation of segment's assets and liabilities as well as calculation of its financial results is based on the Group's accounting policies, including intragroup transactions between segments.

The allocation of Group's assets, liabilities, income and expenses to operating segments was made on the basis of internal information prepared for management purposes. Transfer of funds between the Group segments is based on prices derived from market rates. Transfer prices are calculated using the same rules for both segments and any difference results solely from maturity and currency structure of assets and liabilities. The basis for assessment of the segment performance is gross profit or loss.

The Group conducts its operations solely on the territory of Poland.

Institutional Banking

Within the Institutional Banking segment the Group offers products and provides services to commercial entities, municipalities and public sector. Apart from traditional banking services covering credit and deposit activities, the segment provides services in the area of cash management, trade finance, leasing, brokerage and custody services in respect of securities. It also offers treasury products on financial and commodity markets. In addition, the segment offers the investment banking services on the local and international capital markets, including advisory services as well as obtaining and underwriting financing through public and non-public offerings. The activities also comprise proprietary transactions in the equity, debt and derivative instruments' markets.

Consumer Banking

Within the Consumer Banking segment the Group provides products and financial services to individual clients, micro enterprises and individual entrepreneurs that are within the framework of Citibusiness offer. Besides managing bank accounts and providing extensive credit and deposit products, the Group offers cash loans, mortgage loans and credit cards. It also provides asset management services and acts as an agent in investment and insurance products sale.

Consolidated income statement by business segment

For the period	01.01 – 30.06.2017			01.01 – 30.06.2016		
PLN '000	Institutional Banking	Consumer Banking	Total	Institutional Banking	Consumer Banking	Total
Net interest income	233,289	285,060	518,349	220,919	278,802	499,721
Internal interest income, including:	(13,789)	13,789	-	(20,613)	20,613	-
Internal income	-	13,789	13,789	-	20,613	20,613
Internal expenses	(13,789)	-	(13,789)	(20,613)	-	(20,613)
Net fee and commission income	146,807	142,859	289,666	133,022	148,731	281,753
Dividend income	1,228	7,720	8,948	844	6,490	7,334
Net income on financial instruments and revaluation	137,230	15,701	152,931	128,705	16,531	145,236
Net gain on debt investment securities available-for-sale	15,861	-	15,861	20,925	-	20,925
Net gain on capital investment instruments available-for-sale	3,377	-	3,377	27,430	66,477	93,907
Net loss on hedge accounting	3,554	-	3,554	7,561	-	7,561
Net other operating income	10,513	(11,686)	(1,173)	14,180	(1,861)	12,319
General administrative expenses	(271,575)	(325,867)	(597,442)	(251,340)	(327,054)	(578,394)
Depreciation and amortization	(9,850)	(25,629)	(35,479)	(10,862)	(25,032)	(35,894)
Profit on sale of other assets	30	-	30	87	-	87
Net impairment loss on financial assets and provisions for granted financial liabilities and guarantees	(11,759)	(30,947)	(42,706)	17,135	(31,627)	(14,492)
Operating income	258,705	57,211	315,916	308,606	131,457	440,063
Share in net profits/(losses) of entities valued at equity method	265	-	265	78	-	78
Tax on some financial institutions	(29,349)	(10,762)	(40,111)	(22,778)	(8,734)	(31,512)
Profit before tax	229,621	46,449	276,070	285,906	122,723	408,629
Income tax expense			(75,431)			(82,280)
Net profit			200,639			326,349

As at:	30.06.2017			31.12.2016		
PLN '000	Institutional Banking	Consumer Banking	Total	Institutional Banking	Consumer Banking	Total
Total assets	37,715,884	6,876,599	44,592,483	38,493,344	6,716,572	45,209,916
Total liabilities and shareholders equity, including:	31,785,245	12,807,238	44,592,483	32,836,784	12,373,132	45,209,916
Liabilities	26,668,337	11,441,321	38,109,658	27,443,762	10,975,704	38,419,466

5. Risk Management

Credit Risk

The main purpose of risk management in the Group is ensuring both high quality of credit portfolio and business activity stabilization through minimizing the risk of credit losses. Credit risk management is executed based on the policies and procedures that consistently and clearly define and communicate standards for risk identification, measurement, acceptance, control, monitoring and reporting.

The Group manages its exposure by identifying and monitoring of limits, set within the capital limits and liquidity norms, taking into account the constraints of external regulations.

The process of active portfolio quality management includes, depending on client type, assigning appropriate risk ratings and internal classification, monitoring days past due as well as application of the relevant remedial or debt collection actions. The Group has put in place a uniform internal system for classification of receivables based on predetermined criteria. Risk rating assignment and classification system are crucial in defining the level of impairment allowances.

The Group recognizes and manages counterparty credit risk in the transactions of financial instruments, based on internal limits on Pre-Settlement and Settlement Exposures. Credit ratings are also given to these exposures.

Due to the execution of the Polish Financial Supervision Authority (KNF) C Recommendation, binding from the 1st of January 2017, the Bank implemented adjustments in the risk management processes. In order to streamline the efficiency of the concentration risk management the following actions had been undertaken: estimation of concentration risk appetite and implementation of its identification, assessment, monitoring and reporting principles. The rules mentioned above not only had been applied in credit risk management, but also in operational, market and liquidity risk. Furthermore, the accountability of the Bank's Management Board and the Supervisory Board related to concentration management was enhanced.

The tables below present the Group's portfolio grouped by receivables from customers impaired and not impaired. The tables also present the details of impairment write-downs. Within impaired receivables there are a portfolio managed based on individual classification (individual assessment) and a portfolio managed based on the delinquency (portfolio assessment). Exposures without impairment are classified based on the internal risk ratings classified from 1 to 7 or higher, where risk category 1 is the best rating.

The internal risk ratings are gained in the complex credit assessment's process, which consists of rating models and methodologies, additional corrections resulting, among others, from the acquired support and collateral, and all the defined processes used in order to get risk ratings.

The risk rating defines the probability of failing to fulfil contract by the debtor from liabilities within 1 year period. Ratings from 1 to 4- inclusive are treated as the equivalent of ratings at investments level of external credit rating agencies, what implies that they indicate low or medium level of credit risk. Ratings below 4- indicate increased credit risk, wherein the rating 7 or higher, means high credit risk and low ability to service debt obligations, even in favorable macroeconomic conditions.

The main indicator of impairment for Global Consumer Banking customers is a delay in payment of: the principal amount and interest; a minimum payable balance; a commission, or an exceeding of credit limit. For the purpose of impairment write-downs, it is assumed that the condition is met when a payment is overdue for at least 90 days at the impairment assessment date.

The maximum Group's credit risk exposure is presented below.

PLN '000	Note	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Gross receivables due from the Central Bank		63,708	3,587
Gross receivables due from banks	14	748,496	587,264
Gross receivables due from institutional customers	17	13,430,962	12,726,265
Gross receivables due from individual customers	17	6,882,564	6,697,209
Debt securities held-for-trading	15	923,144	2,605,028
Derivative instruments	15	882,370	1,167,134
Hedging derivatives		857	12,244
Debt securities available-for-sale	16	19,480,250	19,072,371
Other financial assets		261,801	219,105
Contingent liabilities granted	33	17,880,737	16,889,165
		60,554,889	59,979,372

Commitment due to customers in terms of credit risk:

PLN '000	30.06.2017			31.12.2016		
	Receivables from institutional customers	Receivables from individual customers	Receivables from banks	Receivables from institutional customers	Receivables from individual customers	Receivables from banks
Impaired receivables						
Individual assesment						
Gross amount	290,627	11,334	-	300,772	11,873	-
Impairment write-downs	245,862	6,576	-	249,373	6,232	-
Net amount	44,765	4,758	-	51,399	5,641	-
Portfolio assesment						
Gross amount	15,237	332,591	-	14,988	305,513	-
Impairment write-downs	9,023	256,155	-	9,840	218,241	-
Net amount	6,214	76,436	-	5,148	87,272	-

PLN '000	30.06.2017			31.12.2016		
	Receivables from institutional customers	Receivables from individual customers	Receivables from banks	Receivables from institutional customers	Receivables from individual customers	Receivables from banks
Not impaired receivables						
By risk rating						
Risk rating 1-4-	8,649,303	-	741,022	9,142,799	-	580,651
Risk rating +5-6-	4,321,909	-	7,474	3,071,547	-	6,613
Risk rating +7 and greater	153,886	-	-	196,159	-	-
By delinquency						
no delinquency	-	6,273,140	-	-	6,099,137	-
1-30 days	-	217,361	-	-	233,240	-
31-90 days	-	48,138	-	-	47,446	-
Gross amount	13,125,098	6,538,639	748,496	12,410,505	6,379,823	587,264
Impairment write-downs	22,410	55,454	87	19,426	60,309	177
Net amount	13,102,688	6,483,185	748,409	12,391,079	6,319,514	587,087
Total net value	13,153,667	6,564,379	748,409	12,447,626	6,412,427	587,087

PLN '000	30.06.2017			31.12.2016		
	Receivables from institutional customers	Receivables from individual customers	Receivables from banks	Receivables from institutional customers	Receivables from individual customers	Receivables from banks
Impairment write-downs for impaired receivables						
Impairment write-downs for individually assessed receivables	245,862	6,576	-	249,373	6,232	-
Impairment write-downs for portfolio assessed receivables	9,023	256,155	-	9,840	218,241	-
IBNR allowances						
By risk rating						
Risk rating 1-4-	3,042	-	51	3,322	-	88
Risk rating +5-6-	13,473	-	36	9,027	-	89
Risk rating +7 and greater	5,895	-	-	7,077	-	-
By delinquency						
No delinquency	-	20,420	-	-	21,992	-
1-30 days	-	12,605	-	-	15,227	-
31-90 days	-	22,429	-	-	23,090	-
	22,410	55,454	87	19,426	60,309	177
Total impairment write-downs	277,295	318,185	87	278,639	284,782	177

Receivables due from individual customers not impaired and without delay in payment in terms of overdue history

PLN'000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Receivables due from individual customers not impaired and without delay in payment, including:	6,273,140	6,099,137
receivables at least once have exceeded 30 days of delay in payment (but have not exceeded 90 days)	377,695	365,690
receivables at least once have exceeded 90 days of delay in payment	5,981	5,498

Receivables not impaired by delinquency:

PLN '000	30.06.2017			31.12.2016		
	Receivables from institutional customers	Receivables from individual customers	Receivables from banks	Receivables from institutional customers	Receivables from individual customers	Receivables from banks
Receivables with incurred but not reported (IBNR) losses						
Regular receivables	13,102,683	6,273,140	748,496	12,396,864	6,099,137	587,264
Overdue receivables, including:	22,415	265,499	-	13,641	280,686	-
1 – 30 days	18,305	217,361	-	6,312	233,240	-
Gross value	13,125,098	6,538,639	748,496	12,410,505	6,379,823	587,264

Structure of derivatives in terms of credit risk

PLN '000	30.06.2017			31.12.2016		
	Transactions with institutional customers	Transactions with individual customers	Transactions with to banks	Transactions with institutional customers	Transactions with individual customers	Transactions with to banks
Derivatives by risk rating						
Risk rating 1-4-	176,542	6,357	650,125	96,107	6,141	1,053,076
Risk rating+5-6-	49,018	-	544	14,650	-	8,242
Risk rating +7 and greater	641	-	-	1,162	-	-
Total	226,201	6,357	650,669	111,919	6,141	1,061,318

Description below presents the classification of exposures in the portfolio of debt securities held for trading and portfolio of debt securities available for sale, according to Fitch agency ratings.

PLN '000	30.06.2017		31.12.2016	
	Debt securities held-for-trading	Debt securities available-for-sale	Debt securities held-for-trading	Debt securities available-for-sale
Issuer rating by Fitch agency				
A (including from A to AAA)	923,144	19,480,250	2,605,028	19,072,371
Total	923,144	19,480,250	2,605,028	19,072,371

Other financial assets in amount of PLN 261 801 thousand on 30 June 2017 (PLN 219,105 thousand in the end of 2016) include receivables with delinquency over 90 days in amount of PLN 1 700 thousand (PLN 1,709 thousand in the end of 2016).

Structure of contingent liabilities in terms of risk rating:

PLN'000	30.06.2017		31.12.2016	
	Liabilities due to institutional customers	Liabilities due to banks	Liabilities due to institutional customers	Liabilities due to banks
Contingent liabilities granted by risk rating				
Risk rating 1-4-	7,936,428	520,636	7,701,340	276,957
Risk rating+5-6-	3,090,926	7,701	2,828,993	9,024
Risk rating +7and greater	31,912	-	33,266	-
Total	11,059,266	528,337	10,563,599	285,981

The granted contingent liabilities due to individual customers in terms of overdue history

PLN'000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Granted contingent liabilities due to individual customers, including:	6,293,134	6,039,585
contingent liabilities at least once have exceeded 30 days of delay in payment (but have not exceeded 90 days)	323,690	319,995
contingent liabilities at least once have exceeded 90 days of delay in payment	1,582	1,584

The Group's ratio of impairment write-downs to receivables is presented in the table below:

PLN'000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Gross amount		
Receivables with recognized impairment, including:	649,789	633,146
Individual assesment	301,961	312,645
Portfolio assesment	347,828	320,501
Receivables without recognized impairment	20,412,233	19,377,592
Total gross amount	21,062,022	20,010,738
Impairment write-downs		
Receivables with recognized impairment, including:	517,616	483,686
Individual assesment	252,438	255,605
Portfolio assesment	265,178	228,081
Receivables without recognized impairment	77,951	79,912
Impairment write-downs in total	595,567	563,598
Net amount		
Receivables with recognized impairment, including:	132,173	149,460
Individual assesment	49,523	57,040
Portfolio assesment	82,650	92,420
Receivables without recognized impairment	20,334,282	19,297,680
Total net amount	20,466,455	19,447,140
Ratio of impairment allowances to impaired receivables	79.7%	76.4%

In addition to general principles of credit risk mitigation, the Group has defined specific rules for corporate and retail for acceptance, assessment, establishment and monitoring of various types of collaterals, including warranties, guarantees and similar instruments of support (hereinafter called jointly: collaterals). These principles are used for reducing residual risk associated with taking collaterals.

As at 30 June 2017 in the Group, the financial effect of collaterals (mainly mortgage) for accepted individually assessed impaired amounts due to customers was PLN 43,973 thousand (as at 30 June 2016: PLN 38,527 thousand). This is the amount by which the level of impairment of the value assigned to this portfolio would be higher if the collaterals in flows were not included in the callculation of impairment.

Forborne exposures are identified in the Group within the credit risk management. The Group takes into account "forborne" exposures according to the reporting requirements under the EBA/ITS/2013/03 Technical Standards and document 2012/852 issued by the ESMA.

The Group considers exposures as "forborne" that are in the process of troubled debt restructuring. This is a situation when the debtor is experiencing financial difficulties and BHW grants preferential financing conditions to the debtor that it would not otherwise consider (i.e., off-market terms). Preferential financing conditions are considered situations in which for example the yield of the modified facility is lower than the contractual yield prior to the restructuring and/or the yield on the modified loan is below a market yield for the relevant tenor and credit risk.

The extent to which the financing conditions are changed is determined individually for each debtor in question.

The process of assigning "forborne" status for exposures is closely related to the credit risk management process, including the impairment recognition process for exposures. According to the implemented process of impairment recognition, exposure status change to "forborne" constitutes an evidence of impairment and such exposure is in the portfolio of impaired loans.

The Group assumes, that expousues will remain in "forborne" status until they are entirely paid off.

Exposure values in "forborne" status are insignificant, that is why Group monitors them at total level, without further portfolio splits.

PLN'000	As at 30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Receivables from customers		
Receivables without recognized impairment, including	19,663,737	18,790,328
non-financial sector entities	17,836,652	17,099,400

PLN'000	As at	
	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Corporate customers	11,298,013	10,719,577
Individual customers	6,538,639	6,379,823
Receivables with recognized impairment, including:	649,789	633,146
non-financial sector entities	632,653	616,010
Corporate customers, including:	288,728	298,624
„forborne”	69,129	78,766
Individual customers, including:	343,925	317,386
„forborne”	22,661	24,273
Total gross amount, including:	20,313,526	19,423,474
non-financial sector entities	18,469,305	17,715,410
Corporate customers, including:	11,586,741	11,018,201
„forborne”	69,129	78,766
Individual customers, including:	6,882,564	6,697,209
„forborne”	22,661	24,273
Impairment write-off	(595,480)	(563,421)
On „forborne” receivables	(57,484)	(56,959)
Total net amounts due from customers, including:	19,718,046	18,860,053
„forborne” receivables	34,306	46,080

Gross “Forborne” exposures by period of overdue:

PLN'000	As at	
	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Not past due	33,970	49,435
Past due, including:	57,820	53,604
Past due less than 30 days	2,119	2,125
Past due 31 - 90 days	15,626	6,576
Past due over 90 days	40,075	44,903
Total gross amount	91,790	103,039

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk of Group's lack of ability to meet its financial commitments to customers or counterparties when due.

The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure that the Group can meet all commitments to customers when due and to secure liquidity necessary to clear all money market transactions when due.

In the first half of 2017 the Group has not implemented any changes in liquidity risk management processes, procedures, systems and policies.

The supervisory liquidity measures M1-M4 i LCR were as follows:

	30.06.2017	31.12.2016	Change
M1 - Short-term liquidity gap (PLN)	6,967,238	8,332,306	(1,365,068)
M2 - Short-term liquidity ratio	1.23	1.36	(0.13)
M3 - Coverage of illiquid assets with regulatory capital	10.14	10.33	(0.19)
M4 - Coverage of illiquid assets and assets of limited liquidity with regulatory capital and stable external funds	1.51	1.54	-(0.03)
LCR	131%	136%	(5%)

The level of modified cash flow gap and the level of liquid assets as at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are shown below.

The cumulated liquidity gap as at 30 June 2017 in real terms:

PLN '000	Up to 1 month	More than 1 to 3 months	More than 3 months to 1 year	More than 1 year to 2 years	More than 2 years
Assets	19,442,340	334,112	358,349	-	24,457,682
Liabilities	9,327,223	4,246,768	43,816	17,736	30,956,940
Balance-sheet gap in the period	10,115,117	(3,912,656)	314,533	(17,736)	(6,499,258)
Conditional derivative transactions – inflows	17,759,695	5,199,385	7,035,897	4,051,081	15,425,847
Conditional derivative transactions – outflows	17,983,629	5,187,527	7,109,594	4,145,416	15,264,185
Off-balance-sheet gap in the period	(223,934)	11,858	(73,697)	(94,335)	161,662
Potential utilization of credit lines granted	645,062	1,252,179	-	-	(1,897,241)
Cumulative gap	9,246,121	4,093,144	4,333,980	4,221,909	(218,446)

The cumulated liquidity gap as at 31 December 2016 in real terms:

PLN'000	Up to 1 month	More than 1 to 3 months	More than 3 months to 1 year	More than 1 year to 2 years	More than 2 years
Assets	19,726,589	563,913	417,261	-	24,615,552
Liabilities	7,899,170	4,190,501	64,445	46,014	33,123,185
Balance sheet gap in the period	11,827,419	(3,626,588)	352,816	(46,014)	(8,507,633)
Conditional derivative transactions – inflows	10,159,711	3,370,020	6,341,294	4,169,771	17,095,176
Conditional derivative transactions – outflows	10,123,268	3,346,658	6,365,283	4,227,780	17,276,599
Off-balance-sheet gap in the period	36,443	23,362	(23,989)	(58,009)	(181,423)
Potential utilization of credit lines granted	696,104	1,351,335	-	-	(2,047,439)
Cumulative gap	11,167,758	6,213,197	6,542,024	6,438,001	(203,616)

Liquid assets and cumulated liquidity gap up to 1 year:

PLN'000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016	Change
Liquid assets, including:	20,670,943	22,190,847	(1,519,904)
nostro account in NBP and stable part of cash	267,549	513,448	(245,899)
debt securities held-for-trading	923,144	2,605,028	(1,681,884)
debt securities available-for-sale	19,480,250	19,072,371	407,879
Cumulative liquidity gap up to 1 year	4,333,980	6 542 024	(2,208,044)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of negative impact on the Group's earnings and equity resulting from changes in market interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity and commodity prices, as well all volatilities of these rates and prices.

The objective of market risk management is to ensure that the extent of risk accepted within the Bank corresponds to the level acceptable to the shareholders and banking supervision authorities and to ensure that all exposures to market risk are properly reflected in the calculated risk measures, communicated to relevant persons and bodies responsible for the management of the Group.

In the first half of 2017 the Group has not made any changes in market risk management processes, procedures, systems and policies.

In market risk management there are two types of portfolios: trading and bank portfolios.

The following risk measures are applied to bank portfolios:

- Interest rate gap analysis;
- Value-at-Close and Total Return methods;

- Interest Rate Exposure (IRE); and
- Stress testing.

Interest rate gap analysis uses the schedule of maturities or revaluations of balance-sheet positions, and of derivative instruments used in hedge accounting or qualified as economic hedge for the purpose of establishing the differences between positions whose maturity or interest rate revaluation fall within a given time frame.

The general rule in the interest rate gap analysis is that of classifying transactions to respective bank portfolio position revaluation bands by the contracted or assumed transaction interest rate revaluation dates.

It is assumed that:

- transactions with a fixed interest rate (such as term deposits, interbank deposits, portfolio of debt securities available for-sale with a fixed interest rate, granted loans both repaid in full at maturity and repaid in installments) are classified into appropriate revaluation bands in accordance with their maturity dates;
- transactions with a floating interest rate, updated on the regular basis (primarily, loans granted with interest set based on a specific rate such as, e.g., WIBOR 1M) are classified into appropriate revaluation bands in accordance with the nearest interest rate revaluation date;
- transactions with an administrated floating interest rate (i.e., any changes in the interest rate and its revaluation date are reserved to sole decision of the Bank) or undefined maturity or interest rate revaluation date are classified into appropriate revaluation bands in accordance with historically observed or expert assessed shifts in the moment and scale of change in the interest rate of given positions in relation to change in the market interest rates (model of minimizing product margin variability). This group of transactions / balance-sheet positions includes among others: current accounts, card loans, overdraft facilities. Additionally, early loan repayments are taken into account based on analysis of actual repayments made by customers before the due date and product interest rate revaluation profiles are set on that basis. This pertains particularly to installment loans;
- transactions insensitive to changes of interest rates, including cash, fixed assets, equity, other assets/liabilities, are classified into the longest revaluation band;
- transactions executed directly by the Financial Markets Sub Sector for the purpose of management of interest rate risk and liquidity risk (Financial Markets Sub-Sector's own portfolio) are always classified into appropriate revaluation bands in accordance with the contracted dates.

The Value-at-Close method is an estimation of the economic or "fair" value of positions, equivalent to the market valuation of the trading portfolio. Total return on a portfolio is the sum total of the changes in the value of closing the interest rate gap, accrued interest and gains/losses on sale of assets or cancelling of obligations.

The Interest Rate Exposure (IRE) method is used for estimation of potential impact of a specific parallel shift in the interest rate curves on interest income from the bank portfolio before tax which can be earned in a specific period of time. This is a prospective indicator, equivalent to Factor Sensitivity of trading portfolios. An assumption is made that under standard conditions interest rate shifts are identical for every currency and stand at 100 basis points upwards. IRE measures are calculated separately for positions in each currency in the time horizon of 10 years; however, for the purpose of current monitoring and limiting of interest rate risk positions in bank portfolios, the Bank normally applies IRE measures with one-year and five-year time horizons.

Group's IRE measures as at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are presented below. The list is shown in the main currencies, i.e. PLN, USD and EUR which jointly account to over 90% of Group's balance sheet.

PLN'000	30.06.2017		31.12.2016	
	IRE 12M	IRE 5L	IRE 12M	IRE 5L
PLN	38,810	234,993	35,351	176,849
USD	(2,260)	288	17,212	36,974
EUR	(4,749)	(21,948)	(3,349)	(20,704)

Stress tests measure the potential impact of material changes in the level or directionality of interest rate curves on open interest positions in the bank portfolio.

The Group runs stress tests of predefined interest rate movement scenarios, which represent combinations of market factor movements defined as large moves and stress moves occurring both in Poland and abroad. Values of the assumed market factor movements are revised at least once a year and adjusted as appropriate to changes in the market conditions of the Group's operation.

Activities relating to securities available-for-sale are the responsibility of the Assets and Liabilities Management Department within the Financial Markets Sub-Sector. Three basic goals of activities in the portfolio of securities available-for-sale have been defined as follows:

- management of the liquidity;
- hedging against the risk transferred to the Financial Markets Sub-Sector from other organizational units of the Bank or the Group's entities;
- opening of own interest rate risk positions on the Group's books by the Financial Markets Sub-Sector.

In order to avoid excessive fluctuations in the Bank's capital funds, caused by the revaluation of assets held-for-sale, the maximum limits of DV01 (Dollar Value of 1 basis point), that specify potential change of risk position's value for specific curve of interest rate in its specific node (into which are brought all of cash flows in set time interval), caused by movement of market's interest rate up by one basic point for this kind of portfolio. The limits also concern the open positions in derivatives (i.e. interest rate swap transactions), carried out to hedge the fair value of the portfolio.

The table below presents the risk measured with DV01 for the portfolio of securities available-for-sale, including the economic collateral contained in the hedge program (Fair Value Hedge Accounting Program), broken down by currency:

PLN'000	30.06.2017			Total in the period 01.01.2017 – 30.06.2017		
	Total	Securities	IRS	Average	Maximum	Minimum
PLN	(1,086)	(2,394)	1,308	(771)	(487)	(1,474)
USD	(244)	(244)	-	(153)	(44)	(255)
EUR	(535)	(535)	-	(545)	(423)	(593)

PLN'000	31.12.2016			Total in the period 01.01.2016 – 31.12.2016		
	Total	Securities	IRS	Average	Maximum	Minimum
PLN	(1,491)	(2,637)	1,146	(2,161)	(1,053)	(3,457)
USD	(49)	(358)	309	(290)	(48)	(955)
EUR	(430)	(430)	-	(572)	(208)	(808)

Both base risk and option risk of bank's portfolio were considered as immaterial.

The following methods are applicable in measurement of the risk of the trading portfolios:

- Factor Sensitivity;
- Value at Risk (VaR); and
- Stress testing.

Factor Sensitivity measures the change in the value of positions in an underlying instrument in the case of a specific change in a market risk factor (e.g., change of the interest rate by 1 basis point at a given point on the interest rate curve, change of the currency exchange rate or share price by 1%).

In the case of interest rates, the applicable sensitivity measure is DV01 (Dollar Value of 1 basis point), which determines the potential change in the value of risk positions on a given interest rate curve at a specific nodal point (which brings together all the cash flows in a given time horizon), caused by a shift in the market interest rate by 1 basis point upwards, is established for this kind of portfolio

In the case of exchange rate (FX) risk, the Factor Sensitivity value is equal to the value of the FX position in a given currency.

In the case of positions held in equities, the Factor Sensitivity value is equal to the net value of the positions held in the respective instruments (shares, indices, participation units).

Value at Risk (VaR) is the integrated measure of the market risk of trading portfolios which combines the impact of positions in respective risk factors and accounts for the effect of correlation between the fluctuations of different factors. VaR is applied for the purpose of measuring the potential decrease in the value of a position or portfolio under normal market conditions, at a specific confidence level and within a specific time period. In the case of positions opened in the Group's trading portfolio, VaR is calculated at a 99% confidence level and a one-day holding period.

DV01 as well as VaR for the trading portfolio are calculated net of the economic hedge of the portfolio of securities available-for-sale, i.e., net of derivative instruments intended to hedge the fair value of the portfolio. The exposures to the risk of such transactions are mitigated through the application of relevant risk measurement methods and by the bank portfolio risk limits.

Each day, the Group runs stress tests on the assumption that the risk factors change by more than expected in the Value at Risk scenario, ignoring historical correlations of these factors.

The Group keeps records of exposures of the bank portfolios to market risk in over twenty currencies both for currency positions and exposures to interest rates risk. These exposures are significant only for a few currencies. For a large group of currencies, the exposures are the consequence of a gap between transactions executed on the customer's orders and closing transactions with other wholesale market counterparties. Significant exposures to market risk are opened for PLN, currencies of well-developed markets (predominantly USD and EUR with a lesser focus on GBP, CHF and JPY) and Central European currencies.

The values of significant exposures of the bank portfolios to the interest rates risk in terms of DV01 in the first half of 2017 are listed in the table below:

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016	in the period 01.01.2017 - 30.06.2017		
			Average	Maximum	Minimum
PLN	(242)	267	348	777	(242)
EUR	19	(123)	(18)	80	(127)
USD	(25)	9	(8)	34	(139)

The currency structure of the positions in the first half of 2017 has not changed in comparison with the year 2016, as positions in domestic currency USD and EUR were still the majority. The average exposure to interest rates risk PLN remained on a higher level to 2016, whereas EUR positions were on average lower. The average risk tendency for instruments denominated in PLN amounted to PLN 363 thousand and in EUR it was PLN 42 thousand. The highest exposures were taken in PLN and EUR and were respectively PLN (777) thousand and PLN (127) thousand.

The table below shows the level of risk measured using VaR (excluding exposures resulting from available-for-sale portfolio's economic securities), divided into currency risk and interest rate risk positions in the first half of 2017:

PLN'000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016	In the period 1.01.2017 – 30.06.2017		
			Average	Maximum	Minimum
FX risk	394	287	1,028	4,940	100
Interest rate risk	1,960	6,280	5,031	8,746	1,442
Spread risk	2,435	5,046	4,804	6,278	2,313
Overall risk	3,490	8,333	10,432	15,198	3,365

The overall average price risk of trade portfolios in the first half of 2017 decreased by 57% comparing to the average price risk in 2016 and reached the level of PLN 3,5 million, mainly because of the interest rate risk exposure. Considering maximum risk levels, in case of interest rate risk and price risk of the whole trading portfolio they decreased in comparison with the previous year. Maximum price risk amounted to PLN 15,2 million while in 2016 it settled at PLN 18,7 million.

Capital instruments risk

Dom Maklerski Banku Handlowego S.A. (DMBH) is the Group's key entity transacting capital instruments. In order to run its core business, DMBH has been authorized to run the price risk of trade portfolio of shares, share rights, traded or likely to be traded on Giełda Papierów Wartościowych w Warszawie S.A. (Warsaw Stock Exchange or WSE), BondSpot, WIG20 futures and the Indexed Participation Units, as well as shares on the international stock exchanges of companies listed on the WSE. DMBH portfolio's price risk has volume limits for each kind of financial instruments and concentration-warning thresholds for each issuer. For DMBH the potential loss warning thresholds are also applied to stress testing and cumulated loss on the trade portfolio.

Currency exposure

Currency exposure of Group's assets and liabilities is presented in main currencies in the following table:

30 June 2017

PLN '000	Balance-sheet transactions		Contingent derivative transactions		Net position
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	
EUR	3,832,713	4,500,840	17,783,179	17,036,476	78,576
USD	2,657,496	3,834,646	13,491,118	12,330,111	(16,143)
GBP	17,539	419,807	433,591	29,934	1,389
CHF	85,518	178,477	848,676	750,022	5,695
Other currencies	35,620	126,498	1,435,661	1,340,998	3,785
	6,628,886	9,060,268	33,992,225	31,487,541	73,302

31 December 2016

PLN'000	Balance-sheet transactions		Contingent derivative transactions		Net position
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	
EUR	3,164,418	4,545,892	17,289,321	15,769,761	138,086
USD	2,924,954	2,887,135	7,839,769	7,904,888	(27,300)
GBP	12,336	353,722	380,457	38,651	420
CHF	302,191	147,687	1,422,369	1,579,560	(2,687)
Other currencies	1,840	266,477	1,833,809	1,569,944	(772)
	6,405,739	8,200,913	28,765,725	26,862,804	107,747

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, technical systems or from external events.

Operational risk includes technological and technical risk, also outsourcing, malpractice/embezzlement, money laundering, data security, external events (continuity principle), taxation and accounting risk. Moreover, operational risk embraces product, legal, model, staff, concentration, inadequate proceeding and reputation risk, related to operational risk incidents, business and market practice and involved in other types of risk (e.g. credit, counterparty, liquidity, inconsistency).

Operational risk does not cover strategic risk or the risk of loss resulting solely from authorized judgments made with respect to taking credit, market, liquidity or insurance risk.

In the first half of 2017 the Group has not made any changes in control environment.

Capital adequacy

In the first half of 2017 the Group fulfilled the capital adequacy requirements. Capital adequacy ratio is calculated according to respective regulations.

6. Interest income

PLN '000	II quarter	I half of the year	II quarter	I half of the year
	01.04. - 30.06. 2017	01.01. - 30.06. 2017	01.04. - 30.06. 2016	01.01. - 30.06. 2016
Interest and similar income from:				
Balances with the Central Bank	4,151	8,211	4,716	9,125
Amounts due from banks	5,989	11,955	5,343	10,688
Amounts due from customers, in respect of:	228,032	447,345	203,071	402,964
financial sector	12,445	24,356	4,224	8,681
non-financial sector	215,587	422,989	198,847	394,283
Debt securities available-for-sale	77,130	150,497	86,656	166,404
Debt securities held-for-trading	3,686	11,823	16,644	34,460
Liabilities with negative interest rate	1,720	3,207	-	-
Derivatives in hedge accounting	9,181	9,181	-	-
	329,889	642,219	316,430	623,641
Interest expense and similar charges for				
Balances with the Central Bank	-	-	(82)	(82)
Amounts due to banks	(8,064)	(15,188)	(11,932)	(27,479)
Amounts due to financial sector entities	(13,219)	(26,183)	(16,558)	(28,441)
Amounts due to non-financial sector entities	(27,877)	(58,759)	(29,160)	(55,035)
Loans and advances acquired	(129)	(306)	(173)	(442)
Assets with negative interest rate	(373)	(650)	-	-
Derivatives in hedge accounting	(16,154)	(22,784)	(6,190)	(12,441)
	(65,816)	(123,870)	(64,095)	(123,920)
Net interest income	264,073	518,349	252 335	499 721

Net interest income for the first half of 2017 includes income on impaired loans of PLN 5,316 thousand (for the first half of 2016: PLN 7,085 thousand).

7. Net fee and commission income

PLN '000	II quarter	I half of the year	II quarter	I half of the year
	01.04. - 30.06. 2017	01.01. - 30.06. 2017	01.04. - 30.06. 2016	01.01. - 30.06. 2016
Fee and commission income				
Insurance and investment products distribution	17,961	35,507	18,292	44,306
Payment and credit cards	39,109	76,799	42,733	82,170
Payment services	26,715	52,100	26,573	52,149
Custody services	31,501	61,157	27,881	55,768
Cash loans fees	172	337	393	932
Brokerage activity	18,791	32,204	10,669	20,755
Clients' cash on account management services	5,801	12,727	6,788	12,986
Guarantees granted	4,733	9,184	4,679	9,166
Financial liabilities granted	1,780	3,234	1,402	2,736
Other	30,177	48,833	20,260	40,218
	176,740	332,082	159,670	321,186
Fee and commission expense				
Payment and credit cards	(7,069)	(14,247)	(7,927)	(14,084)
Brokerage activity	(4,430)	(8,439)	(2,981)	(6,351)
Fees paid to the National Depository for Securities (KDPW)	(5,022)	(10,056)	(4,513)	(8,973)
Brokerage fees	(1,050)	(2,136)	(868)	(2,126)
Other	(3,796)	(7,538)	(4,268)	(7,899)
	(21,367)	(42,416)	(20,557)	(39,433)
Net fee and commission expense	155,373	289,666	139,113	281,753

The net commission result for the first half of 2017 comprises commission (other than income covered by the calculation of the effective interest rate), which is related to financial assets and liabilities not valued at fair value through profit or loss in the amount of PLN 88,207 thousand (for the first half of 2016: PLN 94,488 thousand) and commission expenses in the amount of PLN 16,060 thousand (for the first half of 2016: PLN 16,333 thousand).

8. Net income on financial instruments and revaluation

PLN '000	II quarter	I half of the year	II quarter	I half of the year
	01.04. - 30.06. 2017	01.01. - 30.06. 2017	01.04. - 30.06. 2016	01.01. - 30.06. 2016
Net income on financial instruments valued at fair value through profit or loss				
Debt instruments	1,850	816	(19,577)	(31,270)
Equity instruments	(897)	893	(5,033)	(2,823)
Derivative instruments, including:	(4,447)	(1,929)	16,831	(10,176)
Interest rate derivatives	(6,073)	(1,789)	12,620	(12,762)
	(3,494)	(220)	(7,779)	(44,269)
Net income on FX operations				
Operations on FX derivative instruments	(92,213)	(117,692)	442,279	275,571
FX gains and losses (revaluation)	176,003	270,843	(327,494)	(86,066)
	83,790	153,151	114,785	189,505
Net income on financial instruments and revaluation	80,296	152,931	107,006	145,236

Net income on financial instruments and revaluation for the first half of 2017 includes movement in adjustment of the valuation of derivatives from adjustment of the valuation of derivatives reflecting the counterparty credit risk and own credit risk in the amount of PLN (722) thousand (for the first half of 2016: PLN 5,650 thousand).

Net income on debt instruments includes the net result on trading in: government securities, corporate debt securities and monetary market instruments held-for-trading.

Net income on derivative instruments comprises net income on transactions regarding interest rate swaps, options, futures and other derivatives.

Net profit on foreign exchange includes profit and losses on valuation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency and foreign currency derivatives, such as: forward, CIRS and option contracts. It additionally contains a margin realized on spot and forward currency transactions.

9. Net other operating income and expense

	II quarter 01.04. - 30.06. 2017	I half of the year 01.01. - 30.06. 2017	II quarter 01.04. - 30.06. 2016	I half of the year 01.01. - 30.06. 2016
<i>PLN '000</i>				
Other operating income				
Income from provision of services for related parties	1,034	3,764	1,241	4,079
Income from office rental	2,253	4,534	2,412	4,825
Income from VAT settlement for previous years	-	-	-	5,845
Reversal of net provisions for litigation	-	-	1,120	3,875
Income from revaluation of fixed assets provisions	4 059	4 059	-	-
Other, including:	2 041	4 565	3 694	7 538
reimbursement of legal and enforcement costs	689	1 453	909	1 852
	9,387	16,922	8,467	26,162
Other operating expenses				
Amicable procedure and vindication expenses	(2,761)	(5,247)	(2,293)	(5,947)
Fixed assets held-for-sale maintenance cost	(21)	(49)	(29)	(68)
Net provision for litigation	294	(4,951)	-	-
Other, including:	(4,101)	(7,848)	(3,900)	(7,828)
donation	(884)	(1,788)	(1,063)	(2,116)
	(6,589)	(18,095)	(6,222)	(13,843)
Net other operating income	2,798	(1,173)	2,245	12,319

10. General administrative expenses

	II quarter 01.04. - 30.06. 2017	I half of the year 01.01. - 30.06. 2017	II quarter 01.04. - 30.06. 2016	I half of the year 01.01. - 30.06. 2016
<i>PLN '000</i>				
Staff expenses				
Remuneration costs, including:	(101,605)	(199,519)	(100,709)	(206,637)
Costs of retirement benefits	(12,849)	(20,140)	(7,088)	(14,442)
Bonuses and rewards including:	(22,968)	(38,855)	(23,074)	(46,260)
Payments related to own equity instruments*	(197)	(1,344)	682	(3,507)
Social security costs	(17,196)	(35,997)	(17,538)	(39,776)
	(141,769)	(274,371)	(141,321)	(292,673)
Administrative expenses				
Telecommunication fees and hardware purchase costs	(46,374)	(95,910)	(47,689)	(93,873)
Costs of external services, including advisory, audit, consulting services	(12,122)	(26,946)	(14,721)	(30,460)
Building maintenance and rent costs	(15,812)	(32,918)	(19,305)	(36,290)
Marketing costs	(15,485)	(23,827)	(8,421)	(13,619)

PLN '000	II quarter	I half of the year	II quarter	I half of the year
	01.04. - 30.06. 2017	01.01. - 30.06. 2017	01.04. - 30.06. 2016	01.01. - 30.06. 2016
Costs of cash management services, costs of cleaning services and other transaction costs	(8,629)	(17,816)	(9,107)	(18,680)
Costs of external services related to distribution of banking products	(6,912)	(13,646)	(3,620)	(7,652)
Postal services, office supplies and printmaking costs	(2,484)	(4,827)	(3,021)	(5,848)
Training and education costs	(474)	(941)	(482)	(877)
Banking supervision costs	(79)	(3,056)	(2,700)	(5,296)
Costs paid to Bank Guarantee Fund	(2,622)	(66,016)	(17,163)	(34,478)
Other expenses	(18,356)	(37,168)	(16,336)	(38,648)
	(129,349)	(323,071)	(142,565)	(285,721)
General administrative expenses, total	(271,118)	(597,442)	(283,886)	(578,394)

**In the first quarter of 2016 a part of provisions was released due to changes in the Bank's approach to awards granted under the CAP, which resulted in a slight impact of its valuation on the II quarter's result. Additionally, in the second quarter of 2016 the provisions for equity awards granted in the form of phantom shares were released due to a decrease in the Bank's shares, which had a positive impact on the financial result.*

Staff expenses include costs of the following benefits paid and payable to current and former members of the Bank's Management Board:

000' PLN	01.01 – 30.06.2017	01.01 – 30.06.2016
Short-term employee benefits (services)	6,084	6,497
Long-term employee benefits (services)	796	1,787
Rewards related to own equity instruments	1,789	1,155
	8,669	9,439

Change due to restructuring provision

Table below presents a change of restructuring provisions set on costs of restructuring of workforce and the consumer bank branch network, which started in 2013.

000' PLN	01.01. – 30.06.2017		01.01. – 30.06.2016	
	Employment restructuring provisions	Branch network restructuring provisions	Employment restructuring provisions	Branch network restructuring provisions
Balance on January 1	4,171	7,647	680	1,841
Decreases:				
Provisions utilised	(2,399)	(4,687)	-	(869)
Provisions release	(121)	(66)	-	(533)
Balance at the end of period	1,651	2,894	680	439

PLN'000	01.01. – 31.12.2016	
	Employment restructuring provisions	Branch network restructuring provisions
Balance on January 1	680	1,841
Increases:		
Provisions created	4,056	11,974
Decreases:		
Provisions utilised	(565)	(5,191)
Reversal of provisions	-	(977)
Balance at the end of period	4,171	7,647

11. Net impairment loss on financial assets and provisions for granted financial liabilities and guarantees

PLN'000	II quarter 01.04. - 30.06. 2017	I half of the year 01.01. - 30.06. 2017	II quarter 01.04. - 30.06. 2016	I half of the year 01.01. - 30.06. 2016
Impairment allowances for financial assets				
Amounts due from banks	(146)	(270)	(361)	(2,421)
Amounts due from customers	(41,746)	(93,447)	(46,976)	(87,445)
Receivables from matured derivative transactions	-	(1)	(8)	(15)
	(41,892)	(93,718)	(47,345)	(89,881)
Reversals of impairment allowances for financial assets				
Amounts due from banks	163	363	608	3,552
Amounts due from customers	27,079	47,262	22,121	57,622
Receivables from matured derivative transactions	50	127	36	790
Recoveries from sold debts	(14)	45	37	8,162
Other	1,306	2,902	1,182	2,335
	28,584	50,699	23,984	72,461
Net impairment allowances financial assets	(13,308)	(43,019)	(23,361)	(17,420)
Created provisions for granted financial and guarantee commitments	(2,850)	(5,731)	(2,569)	(7,980)
Release of provisions for granted financial and guarantee commitments	2,866	6,044	5,919	10,908
Net impairment allowances provisions for granted financial and guarantee commitments	16	313	3,350	2,928
Net impairment allowances financial assets and provisions for granted financial and guarantees liabilities	(13,292)	(42,706)	(20,011)	(14,492)

12. Income tax expense

Recognized in the income statement

PLN '000	II quarter 01.04. - 30.06. 2017	I half of the year 01.01. - 30.06. 2017	II quarter 01.04. - 30.06. 2016	I half of the year 01.01. - 30.06. 2016
Current tax				
Current year CIT	(68,141)	(96,879)	(60,890)	(66,130)
Adjustments for prior years	-	(797)	-	(18,903)
	(68,141)	(97,676)	(60,890)	(85,033)
Deferred tax				
Net changes on temporary differences	25,173	22,245	2,684	2,753
	25,173	22,245	2,684	2,753
Income tax expense	(42,968)	(75,431)	(58,206)	(82,280)

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

PLN '000	II quarter 01.04. - 30.06. 2017	I half of the year 01.01. - 30.06. 2017	II quarter 01.04. - 30.06. 2016	I half of the year 01.01. - 30.06. 2016
Profit before tax	200,951	276,070	280,184	408,629
Income tax at the tax rate of 19%	(38,181)	(52,453)	(53,235)	(77,640)
Allowances for impairment losses not deductible for income	(354)	(1,761)	(1,101)	(808)
Taxable income not recognized in the income statement	(312)	(399)	(248)	(287)
Deductible expenses not recognized in the income statement	(4,711)	(4,692)	(3,942)	(3,872)

Non-taxable income	6,269	6,299	5,786	7,309
Other permanent differences, including other expenses not deductible for income	(5,679)	(22,425)	(5,466)	(6,982)
Income tax expense	(42,968)	(75,431)	(58,206)	(82,280)
Effective tax rate	21.38%	27.32%	20.77%	20.14%

Deferred tax recognized directly in equity

Deferred tax recognised directly in equity as at 30 June 2017 is related to debt and equity instruments available-for-sale and specific services program valuation and equals PLN 31,757 thousand (30 June 2016: PLN 41,301 thousand).

13. Statement of changes in other comprehensive income

Deferred income tax and reclassifications recognized in other comprehensive income relate to the valuation of financial assets available-for-sale (AFS) related to revaluation reserve and the valuation of specific services program recognized in the other reserves.

<i>PLN '000</i>	Gross amount	Deferred income tax	Net amount
Balance as at 1 January 2017	(271,083)	51,506	(219,577)
Change in valuation of AFS	117,476	(22,321)	95,155
Valuation of AFS sold, recognised to income statement	(15,861)	3,014	(12,847)
Net actuarial profits on specific services program valuation	2,325	(442)	1,883
Balance as at 30 June 2017	(167,143)	31,757	(135,386)

<i>PLN '000</i>	Gross amount	Deferred income tax	Net amount
Balance as at 1 January 2016	(201,990)	38,377	(163,613)
Change in valuation of AFS	(30,118)	5,724	(24,394)
Valuation of AFS sold, recognised to income statement	20,925	(3,976)	16,949
Balance as at 30 June 2016	(211,183)	40,125	(171,058)

14. Amounts due from banks

<i>PLN '000</i>	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Current accounts	108,633	8,899
Credits and loans	2,026	913
Receivables due to purchased securities with repurchase agreement	385,308	418,283
Deposits pledged as collateral for derivative transactions and stock exchange transactions	252,529	159,169
Total gross value	748,496	587,264
Impairment write- downs	(87)	(177)
Total net value	748,409	587,087

Movement in amounts due from banks presents as follows:

<i>PLN '000</i>	01.01. – 30.06. 2017	01.01. – 30.06. 2016
As at 1 January	(177)	(1,750)
Increases (due to):		
Write- downs increase	(270)	(2,421)
Other	(3)	(1)
Decreases (due to):		
Write-downs release	363	3,552
As at the end of period	(87)	(620)

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 recognized impairment write-downs on amounts due from banks concerned incurred but not reported (IBNR) write-downs.

15. Financial assets and liabilities held-for-trading

Financial assets held-for-trading

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Debt securities held-for-trading		
Bonds and notes issued by:		
Banks*	1	482
Other financial units	17,791	58,299
Government	905,352	2,546,247
	923,144	2,605,028
Including:		
Listed on the active market	923,144	2,605,028
Equity instruments held-for-trading	67,012	9,243
Including:		
Listed on the active market	67,012	9,243
Derivatives	882,370	1,167,134
Financial assets held-for-trading, total	1,872,526	3,781,405

*As at 30 June 2017 securities (bonds) issued by banks in amount PLN 1 thousand is covered by guarantee of State Treasury (31 December 2016: PLN 482 thousand).

Financial liabilities held-for-trading

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Liabilities related to short-sale of securities	184,724	208,106
Derivatives	1,111,672	1,097,508
Financial liabilities held-for-trading, total	1,296,396	1,305,614

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 the Group did not hold any financial assets and liabilities designed at fair value through profit or loss initial recognition.

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 derivative financial assets were not adjusted due to counterparty credit risk.

Derivative financial instruments as at 30 June 2017

PLN '000	Notional value of derivatives with remaining life of				Total	Fair value	
	less than three months	between three months and one year	between one year and five years	more than five years		Assets	Liabilities
Interest rate instruments	15,106,018	20,330,569	75,975,581	26,694,967	138,107,135	589,973	793,471
Currency instruments	23,773,829	6,983,550	2,483,172	30,801	33,271,352	270,200	295,630
Securities transactions	2,212,357	6,697	-	-	2,219,054	3,864	4,216
Commodity transactions	131,037	137,609	30,888	-	299,534	18,333	18,355
Derivative instruments total	41,223,241	27,458,425	78,489,641	26,725,768	173,897,075	882,370	1,111,672

Derivative financial instruments as at 31 December 2016

PLN '000	Notional value of derivatives with remaining life of				Total	Fair value	
	less than three months	between three months and one year	between one year and five years	more than five years		Assets	Liabilities
Interest rate instruments	19,554,407	23,382,572	57,901,103	24,179,834	125,017,916	873,191	913,240
Currency instruments	13,847,064	5,701,087	2,130,378	37,014	21,715,543	254,131	143,840
Securities transactions	766,911	1,342	-	-	768,253	2,812	3,331
Commodity transactions	149,986	358,250	41,072	-	549,308	37,000	37,097
Derivative instruments total	34,318,368	29,443,251	60,072,553	24,216,848	148,051,020	1,167,134	1,097,508

16. Debt securities available-for-sale

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Bonds and notes issued by:		
Central Banks*	-	2,239,715
Other banks, including:	67,589	66,384
Covered bonds in fair value hedge accounting	34,633	-
Central governments, including:	19,412,661	16,766,272
Covered bonds in fair value hedge accounting	4,523,172	4,794,696
Debt securities available-for-sale, total	19,480,250	19,072,371
Including:		
Listed instruments on the active market	19,480,250	16,832,656
Unlisted instruments on the active market	-	2,239,715

*As at 30 June 2017 part of securities (bonds) issued by other banks in the amount of PLN 67,589 thousand is covered by guarantee of State Treasury (31 December 2016: PLN 66,384 thousand)

17. Amounts due from customers

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Amounts due from financial sector entities		
Loans, placements and advances	270,190	293,117
Debt securities unlisted	1,200,133	1,199,671
Guarantee funds and deposits pledged as collateral	372,621	211,360
Other receivables	1,277	3,916
Total gross value	1,844,221	1,708,064
Impairment write-downs	(19,576)	(17,810)
Total net value	1,824,645	1,690,254
Amounts due from non-financial sector entities		
Loans and advances	16,919,209	16,051,239
Unlisted debt securities	564,646	514,401
Purchased receivables	965,530	1,116,054
Realized guarantees	1,039	1,056
Other receivables*	18,881	32,660
Total gross value	18,469,305	17,715,410
Impairment write-downs	(575,904)	(545,611)
Total net value	17,893,401	17,169,799
Total net value of receivables from customers	19,718,046	18,860,053

*As at 30 June 2017 position "Other receivables" contains leasing receivables in amount PLN 9,169 thousand (31 December 2016: PLN 13,678 thousand).

The closing balance of impairment recognized on loans and advances to customers consisted of:

PLN'000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Portfolio impairment loss	(265,178)	(228,081)
Individual impairment loss	(252,438)	(255,605)
Incurred but not reported (IBNR)	(77,864)	(79,735)
Impairment allowances, total	(595,480)	(563,421)

Movement in value loss due to receivables from customers consisted of following categories:

PLN '000	01.01. – 30.06. 2017	01.01. – 30.06. 2016
As at 1 January	(563,421)	(585,406)
Increases (due to):	(93,447)	(98,378)
Increase of write downs	(93,447)	(87,445)
Other	-	(10,933)
Decreases (due to):	61,388	93,474
Release of net write-downs in the period for receivables in respect of matured derivative instrument transactions	126	775
Receivables derecognition	11,827	20,024
Write-downs release	47,262	57,622
Sale of receivables	-	15,053
Other	2,173	-
As at the end of period	(595,480)	(590,310)

Finance lease receivables

In the fourth quarter 2016, a decision was made on the purchase by the Bank of the remaining working lease portfolio from Handlowy Leasing Sp. z o.o. The transaction was executed at the end of the first quarter 2017.

Leasing products continue to be offered by the Bank and are made available as part of the "open architecture", i.e. the Bank's partnership with organizations from outside its Group.

Amounts due from customers include the following amounts concerning finance lease receivables from non-financial sector entities:

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Gross finance lease receivables	9,169	13,868
Unrealized finance income	-	(190)
Net finance lease receivables	9,169	13,678

As at 30 June 2017 impairment for finance lease receivables amounted to PLN 4,042 thousand (as at 31 December 2016 amounted PLN 4,204 thousand).

Finance lease income is presented in the 'interest income'.

18. Deferred income tax asset

PLN'000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Deferred income tax asset	414,813	406,659
Deferred income tax liability	213,934	208,276
Deferred income tax net asset	200,879	198,383

Deferred income tax asset and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position after compensation.

19. Other assets

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Interbank settlements	3,211	3,556
Settlements related to brokerage activity	155,730	125,766
Income to receive	72,751	65,843
Staff loans out of the Social Fund	17,285	17,719
Sundry debtors	85,575	72,064
Prepayments	15,154	4,696
Other assets, total	349,706	289,644
Including financial assets*	261,801	219,105

* Financial assets include all the positions "Other assets", except the positions "Income to receive" and "Prepayments".

20. Non-current assets held-for-sale

As at 30 June 2017, non-current assets held-for-sale portfolio includes Group's real estate worth PLN 1,928 thousand and perpetual usufruct right to property including the improvements located there, worth PLN 13,502 thousand.

Changes in tangible fixed assets were as follows:

PLN '000	01.01. – 30.06. 2017	01.01. – 30.06. 2016
As the beginning of period	1,928	1,928
Increases (due to):		
Reclassification from tangible fixed assets	13,502	-
As at the end of period	15,430	1,928

The perpetual usufruct right to property including the improvements located there, worth PLN 13,502 thousand, that are under the Group ownership, were reclassified from tangible fixed assets to non-current assets held-for-sale in accordance to the conclusion of Conditional Sale Contract (as at 14 June 2017).

21. Amounts due to banks

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Current accounts	1,220,680	1,466,809
Time deposits	934,707	503,520
Credits and loans received	68,496	128,026
Liabilities due to sold securities under repurchase agreements	385,315	212,372
Other liabilities	255	15
Total amounts due to banks	2,609,453	2,310,742

22. Amounts due to customers

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Deposits from financial sector entities		
Current accounts	1,082,047	671,625
Deposits	3,957,394	4,024,501
	5,039,441	4,696,126
Deposits from non-financial sector entities		
Current accounts, including:	20,682,614	22,301,469
institutional customers	9,505,637	10,895,348
individual customers	8,755,223	8,280,082
budgetary units	2,421,754	3,126,039

Time deposits, including:	6,510,720	6,821,412
institutional customers	4,234,122	5,041,859
individual customers	1,677,974	1,668,893
budgetary units	598,624	110,660
	27,193,334	29,122,881
Total deposits	32,232,775	33,819,007
Other liabilities		
Other liabilities, including:	179,287	117,504
cash collateral	143,451	80,622
Total other liabilities	179,287	117,504
Total amounts due to customers	32,412,062	33,936,511

23. Other liabilities

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Staff benefits	45,416	43,823
Interbank settlements	191,988	145,531
Inter-branch settlements	286	718
Settlements related to securities trade	131,084	-
Settlements related to brokerage activity	150,092	129,071
Settlements with Tax Office and National Insurance (ZUS)	36,931	25,684
Dividends to pay	591,888	-
Sundry creditors	157,242	144,561
Accruals:	376,083	289,420
Provision for employee payments	85,603	93,949
Provision for employee retirement	48,135	41,936
IT services and bank operations support	69,022	62,098
Consultancy services and business support	33,121	24,091
Other	140,202	67,346
Deferred income	25,256	25,038
Other liabilities, total	1,706,266	803,846
Including financial liabilities*	1,644,079	753,124

* Financial liabilities include all the positions "Other liabilities", except the positions "Settlements with Tax Office and National Insurance (ZUS)" and "Deferred income".

24. Financial assets and liabilities by maturity date

As at 30 June 2017

PLN '000	Note	Total	Up to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 year to 5 years	More than 5 years
Amounts due from banks (Gross)	14	748,496	748,496	-	-	-	-
Financial assets held-for-trading							
Debt securities held-for-trading	15	923,144	90,737	-	52,055	480,085	300,267
Financial assets available-for-sale							
Debt securities available-for-sale	16	19,480,250	-	-	-	14,996,109	4,484,141
Amounts due from customers (gross)							
Amounts due from financial sector entities	17	1,844,221	362,939	-	281,282	1,200,000	-
Amounts due from non-financial sector entities	17	18,469,305	7,105,500	1,332,361	1,745,734	6,288,389	1,997,321

PLN '000	Note	Total	Up to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 year to 5 years	More than 5 years
Amounts due to banks	21	2,609,453	2,519,185	3,384	37,189	49,652	43
Amounts due to customers							
Amounts due to financial sector entities:	22	5,039,610	4,849,474	187,118	2,964	35	19
Amounts due to non-financial sector entities	22	27,372,452	26,281,348	701,347	369,464	20,197	96

As at 31 December 2016

PLN '000	Note	Total	Up to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 year to 5 years	More than 5 years
Amounts due from banks (Gross)	14	587,264	381,399	205,865	-	-	-
Financial assets held-for-trading							
Debt securities held-for-trading	15	2,605,028	313,250	-	246,232	1,492,755	552,791
Financial assets available-for-sale							
Debt securities available-for-sale	16	19,072,371	2,239,715	-	-	15,163,320	1,669,336
Amounts due from customers (gross)							
Amounts due from financial sector entities	17	1,708,064	198,132	70,000	239,932	1,200,000	-
Amounts due from non-financial sector entities	17	17,715,410	6,803,454	1,228,782	2,064,510	5,557,378	2,061,286
Amounts due to banks	21	2,310,742	2,140,202	20,897	34,627	114,977	39
Amounts due to customers							
Amounts due to financial sector entities:	22	4,696,177	4,650,566	41,959	3,633	-	19
Amounts due to non-financial sector entities	22	29,240,334	28,254,705	706,906	261,019	17,651	53

25. Financial instruments disclosures

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The summary below provides statement of financial position (by category) and fair value information for each category of financial assets and liabilities.

PLN '000	Note	30.06.2017		31.12.2016	
		Balance value	Fair value	Balance value	Fair value
Assets					
Amounts due from banks	14	748,409	748,409	587,087	587,071
Amounts due from customers	17	19,718,046	19,708,808	18,860,053	18,878,719
Liabilities					
Amounts due to banks	21	2,609,453	2,609,758	2,310,742	2,310,776
Amounts due to customers	22	32,412,062	32,411,578	33,936,511	33,935,951

With exception to information provided in the table above and investments in equity instruments available-for-sale evaluated in purchase price, the balance value of other assets and financial liabilities included in the consolidated statement of financial position are equal to fair value due to their short-term nature.

Investments in equity instruments available-for-sale evaluated in purchase price do not have value that is actively priced at the market and their fair value cannot be reliably estimated.

According to the Group's strategy, presented equity investments will be gradually reduced except for selected strategic investments in "infrastructure companies" that provide services to the financial sector. Particular entities will be sold at the most suitable time under market conditions.

In the first half of 2017, among all equity investments, where fair value could not be established, the Group sold Shares in Odlewnie Polskie S.A. The balance value of sold shares amounted to PLN 636 thousand and the profit on sales to PLN 3,377 thousand.

In the first half of 2016, among all equity investments, where fair value could not be established, the Group sold Shares in Odlewnie Polskie S.A. The balance value of sold shares amounted to PLN 212 thousand and the profit on sales to PLN 932 thousand.

Valuation methods and assumptions used for the purposes of fair value

Fair value of assets and financial liabilities are calculated as follows:

- The fair value of financial instruments not quoted on active markets is determined using valuation techniques. If valuation techniques are used to determine the fair values, these methods are periodically assessed and verified. All the models are tested and approved before application. As far as possible, only observable data are used in the models, although in some areas, the Bank's management must use estimates. Changes in the assumptions relating to the estimated factors may affect the fair value of financial instruments disclosed.

The Group applies the following methods of measurement of particular types of derivative instruments:

- FX forwards: discounted cash flow model;
- options – option market-based valuation model;
- interest rate transactions – discounted cash flow model;
- futures – current quotations.
- For valuation of securities' transactions current quotations are used. In case of lack of quotations, adequate models based on discount and forward curves, including decrease of credit spread, if needed, are used for valuation.
- The fair value of other assets and financial liabilities (excluding described above) are estimated in accordance to commonly accepted models of valuation based on discounted cash flow analysis, taking into account fluctuations in market interest rates and changes in margins during the financial period.

Fair value included in consolidated statement of financial position

Depending on the method of determining fair value, individual financial assets or liabilities are classified into the following categories:

- Level I: financial assets / liabilities valued directly on the basis of prices from an active market where the regular quotations are available and turnover is sufficient
The active market includes stock and brokerage quotes and quotes in pricing services type systems, such as Reuters and Bloomberg, which represent the actual market transactions concluded on the market conditions. Level I mainly include debt securities held-for-trading or available-for-sale.
- Level II: financial assets / liabilities valued on the basis of models based on input data from the active market, presented in Reuters and Bloomberg systems. Depending on financial instruments, the following specific valuation techniques are used:
 - listed prices for a given instrument or listed prices for an alternative instrument,
 - fair value of interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts is calculated as the current value of future cash flows based on the market yield curves and current NBP fixing exchange rate in case of foreign currency instruments,
 - other techniques, such as yield curves based on alternative prices for a given financial instrument.
- Level III: financial assets / liabilities valued on the basis of valuation techniques using relevant, non-market parameters.

The tables below present values of financial instruments in the consolidated statement of financial position, in accordance with a fair value classified by above levels.

As at 30 June 2017

PLN '000	Note	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Financial assets					
Financial assets held-for-trading	15	990,155	882,371	-	1,872,526
Derivatives		-	882,370	-	882,370
Debt securities		923,143	1	-	923,144
Equity instruments		67,012	-	-	67,012
Hedge derivatives		-	857	-	857
Debt securities available-for-sale	16	19,412,661	67,589	-	19,480,250
Equity investments available for sale		1,367	-	20,273	21,640
Financial liabilities					
Financial liabilities held-for-trading	15	184,889	1,111,507	-	1,296,396

PLN '000	Note	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Short sale of securities		184,724	-	-	184,724
Derivatives		165	1,111,507	-	1,111,672
Hedge derivatives		-	37,336	-	37,336

As at 31 December 2016

PLN '000	Note	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Financial assets					
Financial assets held-for-trading	15	2,613,789	1,167,616	-	3,781,405
Derivatives		-	1,167,134	-	1,167,134
Debt securities		2,604,546	482	-	2,605,028
Equity instruments		9,243	-	-	9,243
Hedge derivatives		-	12,244	-	12,244
Debt securities available-for-sale	16	16,766,272	2,306,099	-	19,072,371
Equity investments available for sale		1,118	-	18,965	20,083
Financial liabilities					
Financial liabilities held-for-trading	15	208,305	1,097,309	-	1,305,614
Short sale of securities		208,106	-	-	208,106
Derivatives		199	1,097,309	-	1,097,508
Hedge derivatives		-	39,897	-	39,897

On the 30th of June 2017 the amount of financial assets classified to the Level III includes the share of PLN 20,273 thousand in Visa Inc. On the 31st of December 2016 that amount includes the share of PLN 18,965 thousand in Visa Europe Limited.

The fair value valuation method takes into account the value of shares of Visa Inc. as well as corrections resulting from legal cases (actual and potential) a party of which could be Visa or the Bank.

Changes in financial assets and liabilities in, measured at a fair value that was defined by using relevant parameters not-market based are presented below:

PLN '000	01.01.-30.06.2017	01.01.-31.12.2016
	Financial assets available-for-sale	Financial assets available-for-sale
	Equity investments	Equity investments
As at 1 January	18,965	18 965
Derecognition of valuation of shares	-	-
Recognition of valuation of shares	-	-
Revaluation	1,308	1,308
As at the end of period	20,273	20,273

As a result of the final allocation of settlement of the Visa Europe Limited takeover by Visa Inc. in the first half of 2016 the Bank recognized the profit on sale of shares and minority interest (AFS) in the amount of PLN 92,975 thousand, including received cash, deferred payment payable after 3 years since the date of the transaction and the valuation of Visa Inc. preferred shares.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, except for assets described above, there are assets available-for-sale, whose fair value decreased by sale cost is smaller than its carrying amount. In consequence, they are positioned in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value, which as at 30 June 2017 was PLN 1,928 thousand (31 December 2016: PLN 1,928 thousand). The exception is the perpetual usufruct right to property including the improvements located there, worth PLN 13,502 thousand (book value), that are under the Group ownership. (For details see Note 20)

In the first half of 2017 the Group has made no transfers between levels of instruments' fair value due to established method of setting fair value.

In the first half of 2017, the Group has not made any changes in classification criteria of financial instruments (presented in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value) to each category reflecting the fair value (level I, level II, level III).

In the first half of 2017, the Group has not made any changes in financial assets classification that could result from

asset's purpose or usage change.

In the first half of 2017 there was no change in the business or economic situation, that could influence the fair value of Group's financial assets or liabilities, regardless of their presentation in the fair value or amortized cost.

As at 30 June 2017, there was no substantial change in the financial instruments fair value, classified to the available-for-sale portfolio in comparison to the end of 2016 reporting period. However, an increase of that portfolio was mainly due to the enhancement of the securities denominated in euro portfolio.

The decrease in the value of the held-for-trade financial instruments portfolio in comparison to December 2016 proceeds from the sale of Polish securities denominated in Polish zlotys.

26. Hedge accounting

The Group hedges against the risk of change in fair value of fixed interest rate debt securities available for sale. The hedged risk results from changes in interest rates.

IRS is the hedging instrument swapping the fixed interest rate for a variable interest rate.

The gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk is recognized in result on hedge accounting in the income statement. The remainder of the change in the fair value valuation of debt securities available for sale is recognized in other comprehensive income. Interest income on debt securities are recognized in net interest income.

Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments designated and qualifying as fair value hedges are recognized in result on hedge accounting in the income statement. Interest income and interest expenses related to the interest measurement component of derivatives concluded as hedging instruments under fair value hedge are presented in the interest result.

Fair value of instruments within fair value hedge accounting of securities

PLN'000	30.06.2017		31.12.2016	
	Nominal value	Fair value	Nominal value	Fair value
Hedged instruments				
Debt securities available-for-sale				
Treasury bonds	4,085,000	4,523,172	4,604,396	4,794,696
Bonds issued by banks	30,000	34,487	-	-
Hedging instruments				
Derivative instruments				
Interest rate swaps – positive valuation	138,000	857	2,431,660	12,244
Interest rate swaps – negative valuation	3,978,000	37,336	2,172,736	39,897

27. Statement of cash flows

PLN'000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Cash related items:		
Cash in hand	405,298	380,757
Nostro current account in Central Bank	63,708	283,587
Current accounts in other banks (nostro, overdrafts on loro accounts)	108,092	8,538
	577,098	672,882

28. Seasonality or periodicity of business activity

The business activity of the Group does not involve significant events that would be subject to seasonal or cyclical variations.

29. Issue, redemption and repayment of debt and equity securities

In the first half of the year 2017 no issue, pay back or repurchase of debt or equity securities took place.

30. Paid or declared dividends

Dividends declared

The Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of Bank Handlowy w Warszawie S.A. (hereinafter WZ) adopted a resolution on distribution of the net profit for 2016 on June 22, 2017. The Meeting resolved to appropriate the amount of PLN 591,887,988.00 for the dividend payment, which means that the dividend per one ordinary share is PLN 4,53. The dividend has cash character and the number of shares covered by the dividend equals to 130,659,600.

Simultaneously, the WZ resolved to set the date of the right to the dividend for July -3, 2017 (the day of the dividend) and the day of the dividend payment for July 20, 2017 (the day of the dividend payment).

As at day of approval of this financial statement by Management Board the dividend was paid.

31. Changes in Group's structure

In the first half of 2017 the structure of the Group has not changed as a result of merger, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, long-term investments, division, restructuring and discontinuation of activity.

32. Significant events after the balance sheet date not included in the financial statements

After 30 June 2017 there were no major events undisclosed in these financial statements, that could have a significant influence on the net result of the Group.

33. Changes in granted and received financial and guarantee commitments

The detailed specification of granted and received financial and guarantee commitments as at 30 June 2017 and changes in comparison with the end of 2016 are as follows:

PLN '000	As at		Change	
	30.06.2017	31.12.2016	PLN '000	%
Contingent liabilities				
financial	15,495,878	14,722,330	773,548	5.3%
Import letters of credit issued	208,753	144,829	63,924	44.1%
Lines of credit granted	13,969,452	13,331,401	638,051	4.8%
Underwriting	1,196,100	1,246,100	(50,000)	(4.0%)
Other	121,573	-	121,573	-
guarantees	2,384,859	2,166,835	218,024	10.1%
Guarantees granted	2,340,637	2,131,868	208,769	9.8%
Export letters of credit confirmed	707	1,023	(316)	(30.9%)
Other	43,515	33,944	9,571	28.2%
	17,880,737	16,889,165	991,572	5.9%
Contingent liabilities received				
financial	11,912	-	11,912	-
guarantees	17,845,903	18,125,921	(280,018)	(1.5%)
	17,857,815	18,125,921	(268,106)	(1.5%)
Contingent transactions due to FX, securities and derivatives (granted/received liabilities)				
Current*	3,367,730	1,222,536	2,145,194	175.5%
Forward **	174,645,346	151,432,880	23,212,466	15.3%
	178,013,076	152,655,416	25,357,660	16.6%

*Foreign exchange and securities transactions with current value date

**Derivatives: FX, interest rate transactions and options

34. Information about shareholders

The table below present the list of shareholders that hold, at both 30 June 2017 and the day of publishing this consolidated financial statement for the first half of 2017, directly or indirectly by dependent units, at least 5% of the total number of votes at the General Meeting or at least 5% of the Bank's share capital:

	Value of shares ('000)	Number of shares	% shares	Number of votes at GM	% votes at GM
Citibank Overseas Investment Corporation, USA	391,979	97,994,700	75.0	97,994,700	75.0
Other shareholders	130,659	32,664,900	25.0	32,664,900	25.0
	522,638	130,659,600	100.0	130,659,600	100.0

In the first half of 2017 or during the period from publishing last interim report for the first quarter 2017 to publishing this consolidated financial statement for the first half of 2017, the structure of major shareholdings of the Bank has not undergone any changes.

35. Information on pending proceedings

In the first half of 2017 there was no single proceeding regarding Group's receivables or liabilities, the value of which would equal to at least 10% of Bank's equity, pending in court, public administration authority or an arbitration authority.

In the first half of 2017 the total value of all legal proceedings regarding receivables with the participation of the Bank and its subsidiaries did not exceed 10% of Bank's equity.

In the first half of 2017 the total value of all legal proceedings regarding liabilities with the participation of the Bank and its subsidiaries did not exceed 10% of Bank's equity.

In accordance with applicable regulations, the Group recognizes impairment losses for receivables subject to legal proceedings.

In the case of legal proceedings involving the risk of cash outflow due to fulfillment of the obligation, the Group recognized adequate provisions.

As at 30 June 2017, the Bank was among others a party to 16 court proceedings associated directly with derivative transactions that have not been legally terminated: in 10 proceedings the Bank acted as a defendant and in 6 as a plaintiff. The claims and allegations in the individual cases against the Bank are based on various legal bases. The subject of the dispute refers mainly to the validity of the derivative transactions and clients' liabilities demanded by the Bank with respect to those derivative transactions, as well as potential claims regarding potential invalidation of such demands by court decisions. Clients try to prevent the Bank from seeking claims resulting from derivative transactions; they dispute their liabilities towards the Bank, question the validity of the agreements and, in some cases, demand payment from the Bank. In the first half of 2017, two cases ended legally binding and in favour of the Bank, regarding term financial transactions, where the Bank was defendant or plaintiff.

In the first half of 2017 the Group has made significant settlement due to court case. As the result of dispute's final settlement, the Bank has made a sentenced payment to plaintiff in the amount of PLN 5 155 thousand.

The Bank was a party to the proceeding initiated by the President of the Office of Competition and Consumer Protection (UOKiK) against the Visa Europay payment system operators and banks - issuers of Visa cards and Europay/ Eurocard/ Mastercard and one of the addressee of the President of UOKiK's decision in the case. This procedure applies to practices limiting the competition on payment-cards market in Poland, by consisting in the joint determination of 'interchange fees' for transactions made by cards of Visa and Europay / Eurocard / Mastercard as well as limiting the access to market for operators who do not belong to the unions of card issuers and against whom proceedings have been initiated. The President of UOKiK's decision was a subject of legal analyses in appeal proceedings. On April 22, 2010, the Appeal Court overturned the verdict of the Court of Competition and Consumer Protection (SOKiK) and referred the case back to the court of first instance. On 21 November 2013 SOKiK gave a judgment, under which a penalty imposed on the Bank was modified and set up at the amount of PLN 1,775,720. On October 6, 2015 the Appeal Court modified the verdict of the Competition and Consumer Protection Court and denied all appeals from the decision of the President of the Competition and Consumer Protection Office, including the changes of amounts of the fines that were imposed upon banks. As a result, the fine in the amount of 10,228,470 PLN that was originally imposed upon the Bank has been reinstated. The verdict is binding and enforceable. On April 4, 2017 the Bank's extraordinary appeal was accepted by the Supreme Court in pre-court protocol for further examination and recognition.

36. Transactions with the key management personnel

PLN'000	30.06.2017		31.12.2016	
	Members of the Management Board	Members of the Supervisory Board	Members of the Management Board	Members of the Supervisory Board
Loans granted	369	67	719	-
Deposits				
Current accounts	12,428	2,808	10,078	4,216
Term deposits	4,888	950	5,227	1,000
	17,316	3,758	15,305	5,216

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, no loans or guarantees were granted to members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board.

All transactions of the Group with members of the Management Board and the Supervisory Board are at arm's length.

From the scope of work relationship, among contracts of employment between Bank and Members of Management Board, only in one case of one Member of Management Board the contract includes a provision on the financial compensation in case of its termination upon notice or pursuant to Article 53 of the Labour Code.

A separate non-competition agreement conducted with the Bank applies to each member of the Bank's Management Board. According to its provisions, in case of termination of employment in the Bank, in the period of 12 months (in case of one member of the Management Board – of 6 months) from the date of employment termination, the member of the Management Board is obligated to refrain from competitive activities against the Bank. Due to limitations mentioned above, the Bank will be obliged to pay the compensation to the member of the Management Board.

37. Related parties

Transactions with related parties

The Group is a member of Citigroup Inc. Citibank Overseas Investment Corporation, a subsidiary of Citibank N.A., which is the ultimate parent entity for the Bank.

Within its normal course of business activities, the Group enters into transactions with related entities, in particular with entities of Citigroup Inc.

The transactions with related entities result from current activity of the Group, and mainly include loans, deposits, guarantees and derivatives transactions.

Apart from the transactions described in this section, in the presented period neither the Bank nor the Bank's subsidiaries conducted any transactions with related entities, which would be individually or jointly significant. No transaction with related entities was concluded on terms other than market terms.

Transactions with Citigroup Inc. entities

The receivables and liabilities towards Citigroup Inc. companies are as follows:

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Receivables	296,171	102,855
Liabilities, including:	859,088	1,242,047
Deposits	320,020	237,515
Loans received	1,329	6,999
Derivative		
Assets held-for-trading	421,599	823,853
Assets due to hedge derivative instruments	857	11,912
Liabilities held-for-trading	564,464	669,388
Liabilities due to hedge derivatives	10,087	26,482
Contingent liabilities granted	390,436	264,347
Contingent liabilities received	65,124	68,290

PLN '000	30.06.2017	31.12.2016
Contingent derivative transactions (liabilities granted/received), including:	49,814,486	77,856,118
Interest rate instruments	32,809,026	68,946,263
Currency instruments	16,133,802	8,439,712
Securities transactions	721,891	195,488
Commodity transactions	149,767	274,655

PLN '000	01.01. – 30.06. 2017	01.01. – 30.06. 2016
Interest and commission income	30,884	18,431
Interest and commission expense	19,833	33,619

The Group receives income and incurs costs on derivative transactions with entities of Citigroup Inc. in order to hedge market risk. These are back to back derivative transactions, opposite to transactions with Group's other clients, and closing Group's own position, that is related to the risk of market parameter (exchange rate, FX), whereas the stable part e.g. the margin cannot be closed due to the risk involved in those transactions. On 30 June 2017 net balance valuation of transactions on derivatives amounted to PLN (152,095) thousand (31 December 2016: PLN 139,895 thousand). The Bank runs a compression of derivative transaction portfolios' periodically. It is one of the risk-mitigation technique recommended by the "Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories" and the implementing regulations (EMIR Regulation). In accordance with the EMIR Regulation this in particular applies to the portfolios exceeding 500 derivative transactions.

Furthermore the Group incurs costs and receives income from agreements between Citigroup Inc. entities and the Group, regarding the provision of mutual services.

In the first half of 2017, the costs incurred and accrued (including VAT reflected in the Group's costs) from the agreements were connected, in particular, with costs of services regarding the maintenance of Group's information systems and advisory support, and are presented in the General administrative expenses and other operating expenses; income was related to data processing and other services rendered by the Group and is presented in the Other operating income.

PLN '000	01.01. – 30.06. 2017	01.01. – 30.06. 2016
General administrative expenses	99,396	94,373
Other operating income	3,764	4,079

In first half of 2017 there was a capitalization of investments regarding effort over modification of functionality of IT Bank's systems'. Total value of payments to Citigroup Inc. units amounted to PLN 29,156 thousand (in 2016: PLN 11,229 thousand).

38. Other significant information

Personal changes in the Bank's bodies.

On 22 June 2017 Marek Belka and Marc Luet were appointed Members of the Supervisory Board by The Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for a three-year period, whereas Stephen R. Volk was appointed Member of the Supervisory Board for a subsequent three-year period.

Members of Management Board signatures

21.08.2017	Sławomir S. Sikora	The President of Management Board	
..... Date	..... Name	..... Position/Function	..... Signature
21.08.2017	Maciej Kropidłowski	Vice-president of Management Board	
..... Date	..... Name	..... Position/Function	..... Signature
21.08.2017	David Mouillé	Vice-president of Management Board	
..... Date	..... Name	..... Position/Function	..... Signature
21.08.2017	Barbara Sobala	Vice-president of Management Board	
..... Date	..... Name	..... Position/Function	..... Signature
21.08.2017	Witold Zieliński	Vice-president of Management Board, Chief Financial Officer	
..... Date	..... Name	..... Position/Function	..... Signature
21.08.2017	Katarzyna Majewska	Member of Management Board	
..... Date	..... Name	..... Position/Function	..... Signature
21.08.2017	Czesław Piasek	Member of Management Board	
..... Date	..... Name	..... Position/Function	..... Signature